

SRI LANKA STANDARD 568 : 1982

UDC 696.14 : 696.133 : 666.5

**SPECIFICATION FOR
CERAMIC SQUATTING PANS
AND TRAPS**

BUREAU OF CEYLON STANDARDS

SPECIFICATION FOR CERAMIC SQUATTING PANS AND TRAPS

SLS 568:1982

Gr. 6

Copyright Reserved

BUREAU OF CEYLON STANDARDS

53, Dharmapala Mawatha,

Colombo 3,

Sri Lanka.

SRI LANKA STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR CERAMIC SQUATTING PANS AND TRAPS

FOREWORD

This Sri Lanka Standard was authorised for adoption and publication by the Council of the Bureau of Ceylon Standards on 1982-05-24, after the draft finalised by the Drafting Committee on Sanitary Appliances was approved by the Civil Engineering Divisional Committee.

In Sri Lanka, ceramic squatting pans and traps are manufactured mostly from Vitreous China and this standard covers the specific requirements of ceramic squatting pans and traps. General requirements for sanitary ware are covered in SLS 229.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or observation shall be rounded off in accordance with CS 102. The number of figures to be retained in the rounded off values shall be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

In the preparation of this standard considerable assistance obtained from the publications of the Indian Standards Institution is gratefully acknowledged.

1 SCOPE

1.1 This standard lays down the requirements on sizes, construction, dimensional tolerances and finish for squatting pans and traps, of two commonly used types specified in 3.

2 REFERENCES

- CS 102 Presentation of numerical values.
- CS 124 Test sieves.
- SLS 229 General requirements on sanitaryware.