SRI LANKA STANDARD 1009 PART 2 : 2008 ISO 3166 PART 2 : 2007

CODES FOR THE REPRESENTATION OF NAMES OF COUNTRIES AND THEIR SUBDIVISIONS

PART 2: COUNTRY SUBDIVISION CODE

SRI LANKA STANDARDS INSTITUTION

Sri Lanka Standard CODES FOR THE REPRESENTATION OF NAMES OF COUNTRIES AND THEIR SUBDIVISIONS PART 2 : COUNTRY SUBDIVISION CODE

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NATIONAL FOREWORD

This standard was authorized for adoption and publication as a Sri Lanka Standard by the Council of Sri Lanka Standards Institution on 2008-08-28.

SLS 1009-1: 2008, SLS 1009-2: 2008 and SLS 1099-3: 2008 supersede SLS 1009: 1993 Code for the presentation of names of countries

SLS 1009 Codes for the presentation of names of countries and their subdivisions, is published in three parts as follows:

Part 1 Country codes

Part 2 Country subdivision code

Part 3 Codes for formerly used names of countries

This part of the standard is identical with **ISO 3166-2 : 2007 :** Codes for the representation of names of countries and their sub divisions – Part 2 : Country subdivision code, published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

Terminology and conventions

The text of the International Standard has been accepted as suitable for publication without deviation, as a Sri Lanka Standard. However, certain terminology and conventions are not identical with those used in Sri Lanka Standards; attention is therefore drawn to the following:

- a) Wherever the words "International Standard" appear referring to this standard they should be interpreted as "Sri Lanka Standard".
- b) Wherever the page numbers are quoted they are the page numbers of ISO standard.

SLS 1009 Part 2 : 2008 ISO 3166 Part 2 : 2007

CROSS REFERENCES

International Standards

Corresponding Sri Lanka Standards

ISO 3166-1 : Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions

Part 1 : Country codes

SLS 1009-1 : Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions

Part 1 : Country codes

NOTE: Corresponding Sri Lanka Standard for other international standard listed under references in ISO 3166-2 is not available.

SLS 1009-2:2008

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3166-2

NORME INTERNATIONALE

Second edition Deuxième édition 2007-12-15

Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions —

Part 2:

Country subdivision code

Codes pour la représentation des noms de pays et de leurs subdivisions —

Partie 2:

Code pour les subdivisions de pays



Contents		Page	
Forewo	ord	v	
Introdu	ntroduction		
1	Scope	1	
2	Normative references	1	
3	Terms and definitions	2	
4 4.1	Principles for inclusion in the list of country subdivision names	2	
4.2 4.3 4.4	Choice of language, romanization, character set	4	
5 5.1 5.2	Principles for allocation of (country subdivision) code elements	5	
6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Maintenance Maintenance Agency (ISO 3166/MA)	6 7 7	
7 7.1 7.2 7.3	Guidelines for users	8 9	
8	List of country subdivision names and their code elements	10	
Annex	A (informative) Reference sources for country subdivision names and code elements	138	
Annex	B (informative) Character inventory: Guidance for users in cases of difficulties with representing diacritics, etc	140	
Annex	C (informative) Index of ISO 639-1 names of alpha-2 languages code elements used	141	
Bibliog	graphygraphy	144	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 3166-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 46, Information and documentation.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3166-2:1998), of which it constitutes a complete revision. It comprises a consolidation of all changes to the lists of ISO 3166-2:1998 agreed to by the ISO 3166 Maintenance Agency¹⁾, published in the ISO 3166-2 Newsletters up to I-9.

ISO 3166 was first published in 1974. It was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 46, *Information and documentation*, in collaboration with the following International Organizations: Customs Cooperation Council (CCC) [since 1995: World Customs Organization (WCO)], United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (ECE), Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO), International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), International Air Transport Association (IATA), International Chamber of Commerce (ICC), International Chamber of Shipping (ICS), International Federation of Library Associations (IFLA), International Labour Office (ILO), International Telecommunication Union (ITU), International Union of Railways (UIC), United Nations Organization (UN), United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD), Universal Postal Union (UPU), World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO), and World Health Organization (WHO). The International Standard was previously published in 1974, 1981, 1988 and 1993 as ISO 3166. In 1997, it was split into three parts.

ISO 3166 consists of the following parts, under the general title Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions:

- Part 1: Country codes
- Part 2: Country subdivision code
- Part 3: Code for formerly used names of countries

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